EASY TO USE





1. Remove the valve cap and connect 2. Press O to choose preset mode



3. Press power button to start inflation

Jump Start Your Car Battery With These Handy Tips and Tricks A car battery can die on you unexpectedly leaving you stranded on the side of the road. Fortunately, jump-starting a car battery is a simple task that anyone can do with the right tools and knowledge. In this article, we will discuss everything you need to know about jump starters and how to use them effectively and safely. What is a Jump Starter? A jump starter is a portable device that can bring a dead car battery back to life by providing a temporary charge. It is composed of two cables with clamps on each end that are connected to the dead battery and a working battery or another jump starter. The jump starter provides a burst of energy to start the engine, and once the car starts running, the alternator begins charging the battery. Types of Jump Starters There are two types of jump starters: portable and non-portable. Portable jump starters are handy to have in your car as they are easy to use and can be carried around. Non-portable jump starters are more commonly used in garages and repair shops. Portable jump starters come in various sizes and capacities. The larger the capacity, the more powerful the jump starter. A high-capacity jump starter can jump-start a car with a completely dead battery multiple times before needing to be recharged. How to Use a Jump Starter Using a jump starter is relatively easy, and anyone can do it with a little knowledge. Here are the steps to follow: 1. Turn off both cars: Turn off both the dead car and the functioning car (if you are using it as a power source). 2. Connect the jump starter: Connect the positive (red) cable to the positive (+) terminal of the dead battery and the other end to the positive (+) terminal of the functioning battery. 3. Connect the negative cable: Connect the negative (black) cable to the negative (-) terminal of the good battery and the other end to a grounded metal surface away from the battery of the dead car. 4. Start the functioning car: Start the functioning car and let it idle for a few minutes. This will provide a charge to the dead battery. 5. Start the dead car: Try to start the dead car. If it doesn't start, wait a few more minutes and try again. 6. Disconnect the cables: Once the dead battery is charged enough to start the car, remove the cables in reverse order (negative cable first, then positive). 7. Keep the car running: If the car starts, keep it running for at least 20 minutes so the alternator can charge the battery. Safety Precautions Jump-starting a car battery can be dangerous if proper precautions are not taken. Here are some safety tips to follow: - Don't touch the clamps or wires: Never touch the clamps or wires while the jump starter is in use as it can cause an electric shock. - Don't smoke or have an open flame: Keep cigarettes and other open flames away from the battery, as a battery contains flammable gas that can ignite. - Don't use a damaged jump starter: If the jump starter is damaged or in poor condition, replace it before attempting to use it. Conclusion A dead battery can happen to anyone, but knowing how to jump-start a car battery can get you back on the road safely and guickly. Jump starters are an essential tool to have in your car emergency kit, and knowing how to use them correctly is crucial. Always make sure to follow the safety precautions outlined above to avoid accidents and injury.

References

• jump starter